## Homework Solutions Chapter 10 – Page 647

## Exercise 30

(a) The value of t from the t-table is 2.093. Using 1-Var-Stats, we find that  $\overline{x} = 164.85$  and s = 53.576. The confidence interval is

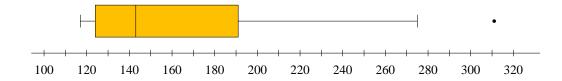
$$\overline{x} \pm z \left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}\right) = 164.851 \pm 2.093 \left(\frac{53.576}{\sqrt{20}}\right)$$
  
= 164.85 \pm 25.074.

If you use the TI-83 function TInterval, then your answer is (139.78, 189.92).

- (b) Can't tell, because we do not know what the population mean is.
- (c) Yes, it lies in the center of the interval.
- (d) Wider. That is because we have less information, leading to greater uncertainty. So the only way to maintain the 95% level of confidence is to include more values in the interval. Of course, this happens automatically when you apply the confidence interval formula.
- (e) (i) The five-number summary is

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Minimum} = 117\\ \mathrm{Q}_1 = 124.5\\ \mathrm{Median} = 143\\ \mathrm{Q}_3 = 191\\ \mathrm{Maximum} = 311 \end{array}$$

The IQR is  $Q_3 - Q_1 = 191 - 124.5 = 66.5$ , so the lower fence is  $Q_1 - 1.5 \times IQR = 24.75$  and the upper fence is  $Q_3 + 1.5 \times IQR = 290.75$ . We see that 311 is an outlier and that the largest value below the upper fence is 275. Here is the modified boxplot.



(ii) No, the assumption does not appear to be justified because the display shows that the sample is strongly skewed to the right.